

Env Workshop Nov 2014 – DAB Topics

All Seasons CLIMATE COMFORT

Heating

Air Conditioning

Applied Systems

Refrigeration



TOP SECRET SECRET INTERNAL USE ONLY PUBLIC



1) Phase out R22

Regulation in Belgium quite complicated with 3 different Regions:

In the 3 Regions: use of R22 prohibit from 01/01/2015

But with some differences:

- Flemish Region: from 01/01/2015, R22 units may still operate up to the moment a problem occurs on refrigerant circuit (than: recovery R22 + unit change or drop in)
- Walloon Region: from 01/01/2015, R22 units may still operate up to the moment a problem occurs on refrigerant circuit (than: recovery R22 + unit change or drop in) and after 30/05/2015, units may operate only if no leakage established in 2013 and 2014 (reference = logbook)
- Brussels Region: from 01/01/2015, R22 units may NOT more operate → solutions : recovery R22 + unit change or drop in

Opportunity: The Phase out of R22 has to boost the units replacement

Barrier: Drop in R22 (by R422) / COP lower, no support DENV
Noise regulation more strict compare to several years ago
Not always watercooled chillers (screw inverter) available
A lot of units are oversize due to heat gains reduction in buildings

(insulation works, less internal load, ...)



2) Phase out R22

Replacement of R22 units = a lot of scrap units brought to the market

Opportunity: increase of amount of units recycled to support the DAB recycling plan (119,3 ton for 2014)

Barrier: price of scrap metal (copper, aluminium, steel, ...)
hard competition of scrap merchants
no control of the authorities (no manpower) concerning:

- the recovery of refrigerant on scrap unts
- the certification of scrap merchants



3) Subsidies for low energy consumption systems

Subsidies are given in the different Regions to promote the low energy products: heat pump units, solar panels, photovolatic panels, ...

Trend: specifical certification for the Company and for the engineers to ensure the quality of the installation (QUEST & CONSTRUCTION QUALITY and RESCert)

GDM:

Opportunity: Subsidies can be a good sales support of heatpump units, Daikin Altherma units, Rotex products, ... towards end users

Barriers: No long term vision on the subsidies (no real continuity)

Differences between the 3 Regions



4) Energy performance of buildings

E-value or Ew-level =

building primary energy

K-level = bulding thermal

consumption per year

(kWh/m²/year)

insulation level

New build - market

EPBD (Energy Performence of Building Directive)

Current proposals from real estate promoters

EPBD (Flanders):

2014/2015: E60 - K40 + Renewable energy

2016/2017: E50 – K40 2018/2019: E40 – K40

2020: E35 – K40 2021: E30 – K40

Example:

2011: 6% HP

Gas boiler + (PV (solar)) cheapest option

E60/E54 mostly reached by isolation level (+- E45 possible) Increasing focus on HP (E50: 33%, E40: 50%, <E20: 75%)

2011: 6% solar

No relation with E-level

EPB (Wallonia):

2014: Ew80 – K35 Increasing focus on HP

Gas boiler (no PV or soalr) SHW: small (integrated) boiler

EPB (Brussels):

2014: E70 - K40

2015: Eprimaire < 45 kWh/m²/yr

Matexi – E46:

WHCB + rad/UFH chauff sol Ventilation D (cross ventilation)

Hyboma – E30 (BEN):

K25 - K30

WHCB + radiators

PV

Ventilation C

Revive – E30 (BEN):

K < K20

HP + UFH underfloor heatong Ventilation D

Revive - E40:

K < K30

HP + UFH

Ventilation D

Huyzentruyt – E40:

K30

WHCB + rad/UFH

PV

Ventilation C+

PV: Photovoltaic
HP = Heat Pump
SHW = solar hot water
WHCB = wall gas boiler
UFH = under floor heating
Ventilation C =
mechanical extraction
Ventilation D = cross flow



EPBD simulation

Naam	U/R	К	E	NE	Ventil.	Oververh.	HE
Rotex Gaswandketel rad	②	⊘ 31	⋈ 65	Ø 51	②	Ø	8
Rotex Gaswandketel rad + Solaris x 4	Ø	₹ 31	2 56	Ø 51	Ø	Ø	Ø
Rotex Gaswandketel vvw	⊘	⊘ 31	⊗ 63	Ø 51	Ø	Ø	8
Rotex Gaswandketel vvw + Solaris x 4	<u>@</u>	231 	2 55	2 51	<u>@</u>	<u>@</u>	<u>@</u>
Daikin Integrated	⊘		34	Ø 51	⊘	Ø	②
Daikin Wall mounted	Ø	☑ 31	4	Ø 51	Ø	Ø	Ø
Dailes Atomobioc	Ø	☑ 31	2 59	Ø 51	Ø	Ø	Ø
Rotex HPSU compact (no BUH)	⊘	☑ 31	₹ 46	Ø 51	Ø	Ø	8
Daikin GSHP	⊘	☑ 31	50	Ø 51	②	Ø	Ø

E-level becomes 50 in CY 2016

- Daikin integrated with K 31 is not enough to cope E50 => because of electrical heater
- Rotex HPSU Compact is enough to get E50 => no electrical heater

E-level becomes 40 in CY 2018

- Rotex HPSU Compact + solaris will come under E 40
- Altherma Integrated will request additional measures, lower K level, othere renewable energy applications

Name:





EPBD simulation

Naam	U/R	К	Е	NE	Ventil.	Oververh.	HE
Rotex Gaswandketel rad	Ø		⊗ 65	Ø 51	Ø	Ø	8
Rotex Gaswandketel rad + Solaris x 4	⊘		< 56 €	⊘ 51	②	⊘	⊘
Rotex Gaswandketel vvw	⊘		⊗ 63	⊘ 51	②	②	8
Rotex Gaswandketel vvw + Solaris x 4	<u>@</u>	<u></u> 31	<u></u> 55	<u></u> 51	<u>@</u>	<u>@</u>	<u>@</u>
Daikin Integrated	②		√ 54	⊘ 51	Ø	Ø	Ø
Daikin Wall mounted	②			⊘ 51	Ø	Ø	Ø
Daikin Monobloc	⊘			⊘ 51	Ø	Ø	Ø
Rotex HPSU compact (no BUH)	Ø	⊘ 31		Ø 51	Ø	Ø	8
Daikin GSHP	Ø	⊘ 31		Ø 51	Ø	Ø	Ø

HE = Renewable energy ?

- Flemish request
- For heat pump SPF 4 needed (calculated via own methodology, is an SCOP, not conform Ecodesign)
 - Air/air \Rightarrow 4,01 at +2° C outdoor /20° C indoor
 - Air/water => 3,71 at +2° C outdoor / 35° C water temp with floorheating will result in SPF 4

Name:

SPF = seasonal performance factor

SCOP = seasonal coefficient of performance